There are many more unique research facilities.



Thermal Cycling Test Apparatus of Thermal Barrier Coating (TBC) for Gas Turbine

Development of delamination life evaluation method for thermal barrier coating (TBC) on gas turbine hot-gas-path parts



Solid Oxide Electrolysis Cell / Solid Oxide Fuel Cell (SOEC/SOFC) Test Facility

Performance and durability evaluation for SOEC and SOFC



Non-Destructive Inspection Equipment

Development of nondestructive inspection technology for power generation equipment and virtual UT (ultrasonic test) system for training UT engineers



The Out-of-pile bundle degradation Test Facility "DEGREE"

Elucidation of the failure mechanisms of fuel rods during accidents to improve the safety of nuclear power plants.



High-Voltage Hall

Evaluation of long-term reliability of insulation for power equipment, development of insulation technology for the next-generation power devices



Test Equipment for Boiler Feedwater Treatment of Thermal Power Plant

Investigation of the cause of corrosion damage and optimization of feedwater treatment at thermal power plants



Spherical Aberration Corrected Transmission Electron Microscope : Cs-corrected TEM

Clarification of the degradation mechanism of iron materials used at thermal power and nuclear power plants



Atom Probe Tomograph

3D imaging and chemical composition measurements at the atomic scale for light water reactor materials



Newly designed Lightning Location System "LENTRA"

System to enable suitable maintenance of power facilities by the location of lightning striking points accurately and estimating lightning energy.



Experimental Facility

Evaluation of transmission characteristics of wireless communication technologies, and research on applicability of highly reliable wireless communication to electric power fields



Water Electrolysis (PEMWE • AWE)

Performance and durability analysis of alkaline and PEM water electrolysis cells to support a large-volume introduction of renewable energy



for Power Plant

Evaluation of strength of various materials used for thermal power and nuclear power plants



Thermal Hydraulics Test Facility with High-Energy X-Ray CT System "SIRIUS-3D"

Evaluation of transient boiling flow distribution in reactor core at high-temperature and high-pressure using our original two-phase flow measurement technique



Testing Equipment

Lithium-ion cell performance evaluation and material analysis evaluation



Air Conditioner Selection Support Tool

This tool assists in selecting the optimal capacity of an air conditioner based on the house's insulation level and climate conditions





to the place where we make the wonders happen, which allows you use electric power all the time.

Central Research Institute of Electric Power Industry Yokosuka Area





Learn more about our facilities Use the QR code on the left to visit our website for more details

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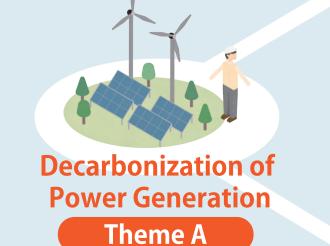
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Look out, feel, and see how you are guided to think something.

Welcome to CRIEPI Yokosuka Area!

We take electricity for granted when using it in our daily lives. Yokosuka Area is a place where you can see, feel, and understand how electricity is created and delivered to each home and how the application of electricity should change in Japan to achieve carbon neutrality in 2050. Please explore Yokosuka Area located at an extensive site with rich nature! It is our utmost pleasure to provide an occasion to think and discuss about electricity in Japan, which will form the future of our country.





Stable Supply of Electric Power

Theme C

Yokosuka Area is our researchers' hub to strive for **Carbon Neutrality in 2050.**

Recently, we often hear the term "carbon neutrality." that does not generate CO₂ be achieved? Electrification of Society, and Stable Supply of Electric Power. Let's explore the road to carbon neutrality unfolding in Yokosuka Area!





2050 Carbon Neutrality



- The trend is transferring from low carbon for reducing greenhouse gas (CO_2) to
- decarbonization for eliminating CO2 emission. How can a decarbonization society
- The main points for solutions are the Decarbonization of Power Generation,

Central Research Institute of Electric Power Industry

Welcome to **CRIEPI YOKOSUKA AREA!**

Decarbonization of Power Generation Theme A

Changing the power generation in Japan

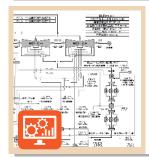
Development of decarbonization power supply that does not emit CO₂, improvement in thermal power generation to reduce CO₂ emission, research for safe and low cost nuclear power generation, and other initiatives.

We are focusing on the energy mix to achieve an environmentally friendly, economic, and stable supply of electricity.



Fuel Evaluation Facility for **Thermal Power Generation**

is combustion facility is designed to develop technologies for the clean and efficient utilization of various fuels for thermal power generation. oward decarbonization of thermal power plants, ve evaluate the combustion and environmental properties and develop optimal utilization echnologies of biomass and ammonia fuels, etc s well as fossil fuels.



EnergyWin General Purpose Program for Power Generation System Thermal Efficiency Analysis)

hermal efficiency calculation for power plants. which are complex systems consisting of multiple facilities, requires the repetition of difficult converent calculations. This analysis software assists in the thermal efficiency calculation of power generation systems and contributes to improving the plant's reliability and reducing operation costs





Pipe Wall Thinning Test Facilities

A facility to reproduce pipe thinning phenomenon progression of corrosion and erosion (mechanical lamage) enhanced by a flow of water or steam) in ower plants. Prediction software for optimization of pipe wall thinning management in power plants established by performing wall thinning expe ments under various flow velocities, water quality, naterials. and other factors



A facility to identify the growth rate of stress corrosion cracking (SCC) generated in the core structure and piping of nuclear power plants. Equipnent that can handle large test pieces composed of devices to measure SCC crack growth rate with high accuracy. It is used to obtain crack growt characteristics with evaluation items of material, ronment, and mechanical conditions.









Coal Gasification Test Facility

on/day coal research gasifier is bench scale gasifier which used for developing an air blown IGCC (Integrated coal Gasification Combined Cycle power generation). rently, we are developing O2/CO2/H2O gasification chnology that uses multiple fuels such as a coal, a waste plastic and a biomass for a new polygeneration system and CCUS (Carbon Capture Utilization and Storage).

Creep Test Facility for Actual Steam Pipes in Fossil Power Plant

Norld's largest facility to investigate damages in the piping of power plants. It is used to measure the progression of deformation and damage until failure for large diameter pipes used in powe plants and to conduct demonstration research of diagnostic technologies such as the life assessment methods and the nondestructive inspection

Fluid Leakage Experiment for The Influence on Personnel and Surrounding Equipment by Pipe Failure

quipment to visualize water/steam leakage behavior when piping is fractured at power plants. establishes the leakage range prediction method by optically measuring the water/steam blowout behavior at pipe fracture, and through ests under different pipe sizes, fracture forms, pressures, temperatures, and other conditions.

Solid Fuel Spontaneous Exothermicity **Evaluation Equipment**

Solid fuels, including low-rank coal and biomass, exhibit spontaneous ignition during storage. The device reproduces the self-heating phenomena of the solid fuels under a range of temperature and humidity conditions and is utilized in the development of monitoring and control technologies for self-heating





Fracture Toughness Evaluation Facility for Nuclear Power Plant Materials

his is a testing machine for evaluating a toughness of steels used in reactor pressure vessels of nuclear power plant. The toughness of steel is evaluated by breaking specimens with a pendulum hammer. The machine is equipped with a robotic arm to efficiently test a large number of specimens to study the statistical variation in the touahness of steels.

Vitrification Test Facility

his glass melter is capable of producing vitrified glass by heating simulated high-level radioactive waste and glass materials at approximately 1150 ° C to a uniform liquid, which is then poured out of the melter. We support the operation of the actual melter at the Rokkasho Reprocessing Plant in Rokkasho-mura, Aomori Prefecture.

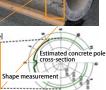








IoT Laboratory



Wireless Power Transfer

Our team support the digital transformation of the

lectric power industry by applying IoT. We are

developing and evaluating various analysis

technologies that utilize data and technologies

that capture signs of aging and abnormalities in

Technologies for wireless power transfer are developed to support automated power transfer for EVs (eElectric Vehicles). Solutions for power transfer interoperability, electromagnetic compatibility, protection from electromagnetic field, and other issues are researched.

Research and Development Facility for Industrial and **Commercial Heat Pumps**

This facility conducts experiments to understand ne characteristics of heat pumps as a result o changes in heat use and operating temperature and to evaluate the applicability of new low GW refrigerants to hightemperature heat pumps. contributes to promoting the use of high performance heat pumps for industrial heating commercial hot water supply.

Evaluation Facility for **Residential Heat Pumps**

This facility performs a highly accurate evaluation b reproducing various outdoor air temperature and hot-water supply load conditions to evaluate the performance mainly of residential heat pump water heaters. It contrib utes to promoting energy saving in the water heater field by using it to examine an appropriate energysaving performance evaluation and to create standards.

Air Heat Exchanger Test Facility for Heat Pumps st-Free Heat Pumps Research Facility

nis facility is designed to test fundamental characteristics of air heat exchangers, including heat transfer characteristics, frosting/defrosting characteristics, and adsorption/desorption characeristics. It contributes to develop technologies to improve the energy efficiency of air-source heat pumps used for water heating, space heating refrigeration, air conditioning, et al.

Achieve electrification of society Theme B Move society forward by using electricity to the maximum degree

To achieve carbon neutrality, reformation to the electrification of society is necessary in addition to changing the power generation methods. Research is underway to use electricity as much as possible to move society forward and reform it to achieve electrification of society that does not generate CO₂.



Power Semiconductor Fabrication/ **Evaluation Equipment**

We are developing evaluation technologies for existing Si power semiconductors as well as material technologies for new SiC power semiconductors, with the aim of streamlining the maintenance of power electronics equipment, which is essential for power control and the use of renewable energy sources as well as making the equipment more compact and efficient.

Stable Supply of Electric Power Theme C Stably supply electricity

Safe and stable provision of electricity for society is important to achieve electrification of society. We have been conducting research to limit power outages caused by natural disasters to the minimum degree and to provide a stable power supply by supporting power transmission and distribution that is increasingly becoming complex due to the reformation of power generation.

High-power short-circuit Test Facilitv

his facilities evaluate and verify the safety and short-circuit performance in the event of an accident involving a large current, such as a short-circuit fault of power transmission lines and distribution lines due to lightning strikes. It consists of a short-circuit generator, high voltage short-circuit transformers, a short-circuit test building, and high voltage DC short-circuit test facilities.



High Voltage Insulation Test Building

The central facility for high voltage tests and research to establish the insulation performance maintenance standard for electric power equip ment. Dielectric strength test and contamination withstand voltage test in fog and water exposure conditions can be performed in full scale using 500 kV class power equipment and insulator, which the highest transmission voltage in Japan.



Long Length CV Cable Insulation Testing Facility

(I PF(crosslinked polvethylene insulated) cable is designed 30 ears as its lifetime, and some XLPE cable have been operatng more than 30 years nowadays. This facility evaluates the electrical insulation performance of such XLPE cables in long-term operation to detect causes of insulation deterioration. and understand their electrical insulation capabilities. The results obtained have been directly applied to the planning of maintenance and renewal of aged XLPE cables.



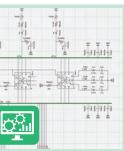
Advanced Distribution Grid Test Building

It is composed of testing facilities to solve issue in power quality, interference between control equipment, protection coordination, public safety and others considering major changes such a the increase of renewable energy, smart distribution systems and electricity deregulation



CPAT (CRIEPI's Power System Analysis Tools)

Advanced integrated software package for RMS analysis of electric power system. It has been used for power system planning and operation since 1980, and contribute to realization of stable supply in Japanese electric power system, which is globally known for its high reliability.





computer program for the waveform level simulation of power systems. It is used for various types of simulations necessary for maintaining and improving the power quality. In Japan, all utility companies use XTAP as their standard tool. and major manufactures, universities and esearch institutes form a user community.



(Comprehensive Analysis Tool for Distribution System with Distributed Generations)

A digital tool to examine voltage adjustment. Electricity i delivered after the voltage is adjusted appropriate according to the location and use. However, voltag adjustment for the major introduction of renewab energy and with EVs and storage batteries connected to the distribution line becomes extremely complex CALDG enables accurate analysis for complex voltag adjustment and supports the decarbonized society



NRRC, Risk Assessment Research Team

he Nuclear Risk Research Center (NRRC) conducts cross-field research and implementation support with a mission to assist electric utilities in their effort to improve the safety of nuclear facilities by developing the methods of probabilistic risk issessment (PRA), risk informed decision making and risk communication. In Yokosuka Area, state-of-the-art PRA technology has been developed to assess risks of external hazards, equipment failure and human failure events in nuclear facilities, longside with the methodology of risk communication based on risk information.